What do we mean by truth? Is seeing believing?

Big Ideas: philosophy, truth, belief

1) Why can it sometimes be difficult to distinguish between fact and opinion?	2) What similarities are there between religions?	3) What is a Logical Fallacy?

Vocabulary

Axiom - A statement that everyone believes is true – eg:"the only constant is change."
Proof - The evidence that shows something is true or valid
Burden of Proof - The duty of proving a disputed charge
Reality - The way things actually are
Evidence - Anything that can be used to prove something
Truth - Something which is fact and true in accordance with reality
Logical Fallacy- A mistaken belief that arises from a logical idea
Ultimate Reality - Something that is the supreme, final, and fundamental power in all reality - ultimate reality in Judaism, Christianity, and Islam is God

Philosopher David Hume believed that all miracles could be explained.

Key Facts

- Different views about the nature and existence of God
- The difference between knowledge, belief and opinion
- The complex nature of concepts such as truth and reality
- Debates about whether something can be proven
- Sikh beliefs about God as Supreme Truth, Ultimate reality and Sustainer of all things
- Use of the term Waheguru and other titles used for God

Learn How To

To examine the principles of truth and belief.	To identify and discuss similarities between beliefs of different religions.	To compare and contrast differences between religious beliefs, practices and rituals.	To compose an argument supported by 'evidence' to express a personal belief.	To reflect on 'what do we mean by truth?'.